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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/561,912	03/23/2007	Graham Eastham	31229-226445	1376
26694 7590 02/11/2009 VENABLE LLP			EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 3438	35	WITHERSPOON, SIKARL A		
WASHINGTON, DC 20043-9998			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/11/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/561,912	EASTHAM ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sikarl A. Witherspoon	1621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ja	anuary 2009					
	/ 					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	,					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-55,58 and 60-65</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-41,44-47,51-55,58 and 60-65 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>3,42,43 and 48-50</u> is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) <u>3,42,43 and 48-50</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3.☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Informal Patent Application						
S) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 26, 2009 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 58 and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson et al (Organometallics, 2001).

The instant claims are respectively drawn to a hydroformylation catalyst system comprising a bidentate compound, and a Group VIII metal, and to a hydroformylation reaction medium comprising said catalyst and a solvent.

lverson et al teach a catalyst complex comprising rhodium chloride and a bidentate ligand (compound 2, p 5746) and a reaction medium comprising said catalyst and a chlorine-containing solvent (scheme 4, p 5748).

The differences between Iverson et al and the instant claims are that the ligand taught by Iverson et al contains a methylene bridging group between phosphorus atoms, while the instant claims require at least a two carbon group, i.e. an ethylene group; also, the reference does not teach a hydroformylation reaction.

However, the examiner contends that it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to expand the bridging group in the ligand taught by Iverson et al, by increasing the number of carbon atoms in and effort to find other ligands that can combine with rhodium to form catalyst complexes that would optimize the alkyne addition reaction taught by Iverson et al. The preamble, or the fact that the instant claims refer to a hydroformylation catalyst and a hydroformylation reaction system has not been given much patentable weight. The catalyst and reaction medium taught by Iverson et al renders the instant claims obvious.

Claim 58 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hofmann et al (Journal of Organometallic Chemistry, 1995).

Hofmann et al teach bis(di-t-butylphosphino) methane complexes of rhodium for use in an alkyne hydrosilation reaction.

The differences between Hofmann et al and the instant claim are that the ligand taught by Hofmann et al contains a methylene bridging group between phosphorus atoms, while the instant claims require at least a two carbon group, i.e. an ethylene group; also, the reference does not teach a hydroformylation reaction.

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However, the examiner contends that it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to expand the bridging group in the ligand taught by Hofmann et al, by increasing the number of carbon atoms in and effort to find other ligands that can combine with rhodium to form catalyst complexes that would optimize the alkyne hydrosilation reaction taught by Hofmann et al. The preamble, or the fact that the instant claim refers to a hydroformylation catalyst has not been given much patentable weight. The catalyst taught by Hofmann et al renders the instant claim obvious.

Claims 1, 2, 4-41, 44-47, 51-55, and 60-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Breikss et al (US 5,710,344) and Eastham et al (US 6,335,471) in combination.

The claims are drawn to a process for hydroformylation of an olefin in the presence of a catalyst system comprising a Group VIII metal compound, a bidentate phosphine, and wherein a chlorine moiety is present in said Group VIII metal compound and/or in the solvent.

Breikss et al teach a process for preparing linear aldehydes by the hydroformylation of an ethylenically unsaturated organic compound in the presence of a catalyst comprising a Group VIII metal and a bidentate phosphorus ligand (abstract). The reaction temperature and pressure overlap the parameters recited in the instant claims (col. 7, lines 20 to 47).

The primary difference between Breikss et al and the instant claims is that Breikss et al do not teach the same bidentate ligand recited in the instant claims. However, Eastham et al teach bidentate phosphine ligands that have a general formula that encompasses the ligand(s) recited in the instant claims. The reference teaches that the phosphine compounds are useful as a component of a catalyst system in the carbonylation of olefins (col. 1, lines 6 to 64).

In view of the combined reference teachings, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to include the bidentate ligands taught by Eastham et al as possible alternatives to the bidentate ligands taught by Breikss et al in order to experiment and find the best metal-ligand combination that affords optimum selectivity to linear aldehydes in the process taught by Breikss et al.

Claim Objections

Claims 3, 42, 43, and 48-50 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim.

Claim 61 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-55, 58, and 60-65 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sikarl A. Witherspoon whose telephone number is 571-272-0649. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel Sullivan can be reached on 571-272-0779. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Sikarl A. Witherspoon/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1621 Application/Control Number: 10/561,912

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